



SOFTWARESILOS

Payment Profiles Documentation

PDF Manual

MODULE

payment-profile

LAST UPDATED

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Priority System

Payment Profiles Documentation · </payment-profile/features/priority-system>

The priority system controls the order in which payment profiles are evaluated. When multiple profiles could match a customer or cart, the profile with the **lowest priority number** wins.

Screenshot placeholder: payment profile grid with visible priority ordering File:
./_screenshots/priority-system.png

How Priority Works

Priority Range

- **Valid Range:** 1-999
- **Lower Number:** Higher priority (evaluated first)
- **Higher Number:** Lower priority (evaluated last)

Evaluation Order

```
Priority 10 ← Evaluated first
Priority 50
Priority 100
Priority 500
Priority 999 ← Evaluated last
```

The first profile that matches stops the evaluation. Subsequent profiles are ignored.

Priority Examples

Example 1: B2B Store

```
Priority 10: VIP Customers
- Group: VIP
- Methods: All + Net 30
- Condition: None

Priority 50: Wholesale Orders
- Group: Wholesale
- Methods: Bank Transfer, Invoice
- Condition: Subtotal >= 500

Priority 100: Retail Customers
- Group: General
- Methods: Credit Card, PayPal
- Condition: None
```

Priority 999: Default Fallback

- Group: All
- Methods: Credit Card
- Condition: None

Scenario 1: VIP customer, cart €600

- Check Priority 10 → **MATCH** (VIP group)
- Result: All methods + Net 30
- Priorities 50, 100, 999 are not evaluated

Scenario 2: Wholesale customer, cart €600

- Check Priority 10 → No match (not VIP)
- Check Priority 50 → **MATCH** (Wholesale, >€500)
- Result: Bank Transfer, Invoice

Scenario 3: Retail customer, cart €100

- Check Priority 10 → No match
- Check Priority 50 → No match
- Check Priority 100 → **MATCH** (General group)
- Result: Credit Card, PayPal

Example 2: Regional Restrictions

Priority 10: EU High Value

- Condition: Subtotal >= 1000, Country: DE/AT/CH
- Methods: Bank Transfer only

Priority 20: EU Standard

- Condition: Country: DE/AT/CH
- Methods: SEPA, Credit Card

Priority 30: US High Value

- Condition: Subtotal >= 1000, Country: US
- Methods: ACH only

Priority 40: US Standard

- Condition: Country: US
- Methods: ACH, Credit Card, PayPal

Scenario: German customer, cart €1200

- Check Priority 10 → **MATCH** (>€1000, DE)
- Result: Bank Transfer only (secure payment for high value)

Scenario: German customer, cart €500

- Check Priority 10 → No match (<€1000)
- Check Priority 20 → **MATCH** (DE)
- Result: SEPA, Credit Card

Priority Best Practices

1. Specific Before General

Place more specific profiles at higher priority (lower numbers):

```
✓ GOOD:  
Priority 10: VIP + High Value (specific)  
Priority 50: VIP (less specific)  
Priority 100: All Customers (general)  
  
× BAD:  
Priority 10: All Customers (general)  
Priority 50: VIP (specific) ← Never evaluated!
```

2. Use Gaps

Leave gaps between priorities for future insertions:

```
✓ GOOD:  
Priority 10, 20, 30, 40, 50  
(Can insert 15, 25, 35 later)  
  
× BAD:  
Priority 1, 2, 3, 4, 5  
(No room for insertions)
```

3. Document Priority Logic

Add comments in profile names:

```
Priority 10: [P10] VIP - All Methods  
Priority 50: [P50] Wholesale - Invoice Only  
Priority 100: [P100] Retail - Standard Methods
```

4. Test Priority Order

Always test with different customer types to ensure correct priority evaluation.

Priority Conflicts

Problem: Overlapping Profiles

```
Priority 50: Wholesale - Invoice  
  - Group: Wholesale  
  - Methods: Invoice  
  
Priority 50: High Value - Bank Transfer
```

- Condition: Subtotal >= 1000
- Methods: Bank Transfer

Issue: Both have priority 50. Evaluation order is unpredictable.

Solution: Use different priorities:

Priority 40: High Value - Bank Transfer
Priority 50: Wholesale - Invoice

Problem: Too Many Profiles

Priority 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20...

Issue: Hard to maintain and understand.

Solution: Use larger gaps:

Priority 10, 50, 100, 150, 200...

Priority Strategies

Strategy 1: Tiered Approach

Priority 1-99: Exception rules (VIP, special cases)
Priority 100-499: Standard rules (customer groups)
Priority 500-899: Fallback rules (general restrictions)
Priority 900-999: Default rules (catch-all)

Strategy 2: Category-Based

Priority 10-19: Customer-specific rules
Priority 20-29: Group-specific rules
Priority 30-39: Cart-based rules
Priority 40-49: Product-based rules
Priority 50-59: Region-based rules
Priority 900+: Default fallback

Strategy 3: Simple Linear

Priority 10: Most specific
Priority 20: Very specific
Priority 30: Specific
Priority 40: Moderate
Priority 50: General
Priority 999: Default

Debugging Priority Issues

Common Issues

Issue: Wrong profile is matching

- **Check:** Priority order - lower number wins
- **Solution:** Adjust priorities

Issue: Profile never matches

- **Check:** Higher priority profile is matching first
- **Solution:** Lower the priority number or adjust conditions

Issue: Unpredictable behavior

- **Check:** Multiple profiles with same priority
- **Solution:** Use unique priorities

Advanced Priority Scenarios

Scenario: Temporary Override

```
Priority 1: Black Friday Special
- Condition: Date range 24-27 Nov
- Methods: All methods + Special financing
- Status: Active only during promotion

Priority 10: Normal VIP
- Group: VIP
- Methods: All methods
```

During Black Friday, Priority 1 matches first. After, it's disabled and Priority 10 takes over.

Scenario: A/B Testing

```
Priority 10: Test Group A
- Customer IDs: 1-1000
- Methods: New payment method

Priority 20: Test Group B
- Customer IDs: 1001-2000
- Methods: Standard methods

Priority 999: Control Group
- All others
- Methods: Standard methods
```

Test new payment methods with specific customer segments.

Next Steps

- [Rule-Based Restrictions](#)
- [Condition Builder](#)
- [Troubleshooting](#)